

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Village of Barrington Hills Barrington Hills, Illinois

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of

Village of Barrington Hills

as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Village of Barrington Hills as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Village of Barrington Hills and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 13 to the financial statements, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Village of Barrington Hills' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Village of Barrington Hills' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 24, 2023 on our consideration of Village of Barrington Hills' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Village of Barrington Hills' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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McHenry, Illinois July 24, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Village of Barrington Hills Barrington Hills, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of

Village of Barrington Hills

as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Village of Barrington Hills' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 24, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Village of Barrington Hills' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Village of Barrington Hills' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Village of Barrington Hills' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Village of Barrington Hills' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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McHenry, Illinois June 24, 2023 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2022

As management of Village of Barrington Hills (Village), we offer readers of the Village's statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found in the notes to the financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund level financial statements) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year to year or government to government) and enhance the Village's accountability.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference amongst those being reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating when comparing year to year results.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, roads and bridges, and health services.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund, Public Safety Fund, and Roads and Bridges Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Village's fiduciary fund includes the Police Pension Trust Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's appropriation to actual for the General Fund, Public Safety Fund and Roads and Bridges Fund along with information concerning the Village's Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and police pension obligations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$44,564 at December 31, 2022.

The following table presents a summary of the Village's net position for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

Village of Barrington Hills' Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
		FY 2022		FY 2021		
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$	11,885,449	\$	10,257,980		
Net Pension Asset - IMRF		1,390,674		3,253,109		
Capital Assets		1,721,298		1,747,773		
Total Assets	\$	14,997,421	\$	15,258,862		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension Expense - IMRF	\$	684,560	\$	-		
Pension Expense - Police Pension		4,326,105		3,252,729		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	5,010,665	\$	3,252,729		
Liabilities						
Other Liabilities	\$	446,043	\$	170,396		
Net Pension Liability - Police		12,817,474		10,585,823		
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding		286,305		267,470		
Total Liabilities	\$	13,549,822	\$	11,023,689		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes	\$	4,845,300	\$	4,880,965		
Pension Revenue - IMRF		-		1,257,399		
Pension Revenue - Police Pension		1,568,400		2,194,938		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	6,413,700	\$	8,333,302		
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,721,298	\$	1,747,773		
Restricted		2,864,146		621,993		
Unrestricted		(4,540,880)		(3,215,166)		
Total Net Position	\$	44,564	\$	(845,400)		

One portion of the Village's Net Position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The Village's net position increased by \$889,964 during the current fiscal year.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the Village's net position by \$889,964. Key differences from the prior year are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
		FY 2022		FY 2021		
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	574,525	\$	353,342		
Operating Grants and Contributions		453,183		487,259		
Capital Grants and Contributions		92,463		92,463		
General Revenues						
Property Taxes		5,074,728		5,062,369		
State Sales and Use Tax		372,066		374,910		
State Income Tax		670,366		555,241		
State Utility Tax		555,787		448,384		
Other Taxes		148,581		76,742		
Investment Income		4,910		(220)		
Other		38,588		18,997		
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		731		12,791		
Total Revenues	\$	7,985,928	\$	7,482,278		
Expenses						
General Government	\$	1,992,091	\$	856,570		
Public Safety		4,283,691		4,250,330		
Roads and Bridges		817,172		1,080,932		
Health Services		3,010		5,317		
Total Expenses	\$	7,095,964	\$	6,193,149		
Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$	889,964	\$	1,289,129		
Net Position - Beginning of Year		(845,400)		(2,134,529)		
Net Position - End of Year	\$	44,564	\$	(845,400)		

Village of Barrington Hills' Change in Net Position

- Charges for services revenue increased due to a large increase in fees, permits and licenses, and fines and forfeitures.
- General government expense increased due to significantly more insurance and risk expenditures and increased expenses related to pension liabilities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Village's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At December 31, 2022, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$6,594,106, an increase of \$1,387,487 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 86.95% of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Village's discretion. The remaining fund balance (13.05%) constitutes fund balance restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted, assigned, committed for specific purposes or is nonspendable.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At December 31, 2022, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,823,099, of which \$4,591,342 is unassigned. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 128.3% of total General Fund expenditures.

The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$911,042 during the year. This is similar to the prior year change in fund balance.

The Public Safety Fund reported a fund balance decrease of \$62,810 due to higher police protection expenditures than revenues, due to increased salaries.

The Roads and Bridges Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$539,255 due to a decrease in road maintenance, motor fuel tax and engineering expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The budget was not amended during the year ended December 31, 2022; therefore, the amounts shown as original and final are the same. Significant differences between the budget and actual revenue and expenditures are summarized as follows:

The General Fund actual revenue exceeded budgeted revenue by \$928,984. This difference was due to the Village recognizing more revenue from taxes, fees, permits and licenses, fines and forfeitures and intergovernmental sources than the budget planned. Actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$101,639. This was mostly due to less expenditures for public safety than anticipated.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2022 amounts to \$1,721,298 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings and building improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Village of Barrington Hills' Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities						
		2022		2021			
Land	\$	350,349	\$	350,349			
Buildings and Building Improvements		941,151		947,488			
Machinery and Equipment		429,798		449,936			
Total	\$	1,721,298	\$	1,747,773			

Major capital asset events during the year ended December 31, 2022 included the following:

- Police department flooring for a total cost of \$47,220
- Two Ford Interceptor squad cars totaling \$78,042

For more detail on the Village's capital assets, see Note 3 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Village's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2023 budget, including fund balance, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for its various activities. One of those factors is the economy. The Village is faced with a similar economic environment as many other local municipalities, including inflation rates and economic trends, particularly as they pertain to building activity. None of these conditions are anticipated to significantly change the overall financial position of the Village.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the Village's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Village of Barrington Hills, 112 Algonquin Rd, Barrington Hills, Illinois 60010-5199.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS	•	0.040.704	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,949,724	
Investments		2,239,213	
Receivables (Net of Allowance for			
Estimated Uncollectible Amounts)		5 005 054	
Property Taxes		5,365,851	
Accrued Interest		5,433	
Due from Other Governments		253,690	
Prepaid Items		71,538	
Net Pension Asset - IMRF		1,390,674	
Capital Assets			
Land, Construction in Progress, and Other			
Non-Depreciable Assets		350,349	
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		1,370,949	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	14,997,421	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Expense - IMRF	\$	684,560	
Pension Expense - Police Pension		4,326,105	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	5,010,665	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$	169,472	
Payroll Witholding Payable		4,505	
Due to Police Pension		169,266	
Escrow Liability		102,800	
Non-Current Liabilities			
Due Within One Year		24,920	
Due in More Than One Year		261,385	
Net Pension Liability - Police		12,817,474	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	13,549,822	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes	\$	4,845,300	
Pension Revenue - Police Pension		1,568,400	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	6,413,700	
NET POSITION			
Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,721,298	
Restricted for:			
Police Protection		277,469	
Social Security		41,512	
Liability Insurance		2,333	
Motor Fuel Tax		323,011	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund		2,191,608	
Drug/DUI/Gang		28,213	
Unrestricted/(Deficit)		(4,540,880)	
		(1,210,000)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	44,564	

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

					Progr	am Revenues	6		R	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in let Position
					(Operating	(Capital		
			Cł	narges for		Frants and		ants and	G	overnmental
		Expenses		Services	Cc	ontributions	Cor	tributions		Activities
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities		ł								
General Government	\$	1,992,091	\$	564,593	\$	285,097	\$	-	\$	(1,142,401)
Public Safety	÷	4,283,691	Ŧ	9,932	Ŧ		Ŧ	-	Ŧ	(4,273,759)
Roads and Bridges		817,172		-		168,086		92,463		(556,623)
Health Services		3,010		_		-		-		(3,010)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	7,095,964	\$	574,525	\$	453,183	\$	92,463	\$	(5,975,793)
General Revenues Taxes Property Tax State Utility Tax Intergovernmental State Sales and Use Tax State Income Tax Other Taxes Investment Income Miscellaneous Gain on Sale of Capital Assets							\$	5,074,728 555,787 372,066 670,366 148,581 4,910 38,588 731 6,865,757		
	lota	I General Re	venue	s and Transfe	ers				\$	6,865,757
	Cha	nge in Net Po	osition						\$	889,964
	Net	Position - Jar	nuary 1	, 2022						(845,400)
	Net	Position - De	cembe	r 31, 2022					\$	44,564

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Special Revenue Funds				
		General Fund		Public Roads and Safety Bridges Fund Fund		Total Governmenta Funds		
ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for	\$	2,447,808 2,239,213	\$	85,226 -	\$	1,416,690 -	\$	3,949,724 2,239,213
Estimated Uncollectible Amounts) Property Taxes		1,829,690		2,440,575		1,095,586		5,365,851
Accrued Interest Due from Other Governments		5,433 237,633		-		- 16,057		5,433
Prepaid Items		71,538		-		-		253,690 71,538
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,831,315	\$	2,525,801	\$	2,528,333	\$	11,885,449
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	96,345	\$	119	\$	73,008	\$	169,472
Payroll Witholding Payable		4,505		-		-		4,505
Due to Police Pension		169,266		-		-		169,266
Escrow Liability TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u></u>	102,800	<u></u>	- 119		- 73,008	<u></u>	102,800
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	372,916	\$	119	\$	73,008	\$	446,043
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$	1,635,300	\$	2,220,000	\$	990,000	\$	4,845,300
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	1,635,300	\$	2,220,000	\$	990,000	\$	4,845,300
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids	\$	71,538	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,538
Restricted for:				077 400				077 400
Police Protection Social Security		- 41,512		277,469		-		277,469 41,512
Liability Insurance		2,333		-		-		2,333
MFT		-		-		323,011		323,011
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund		116,374		-		-		116,374
Drug/DUI/Gang		-		28,213		-		28,213
Unassigned		4,591,342		-		1,142,314		5,733,656
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	4,823,099	\$	305,682	\$	1,465,325	\$	6,594,106
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	6,831,315	\$	2,525,801	\$	2,528,333	\$	11,885,449

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	6,594,106
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,721,298
Some assets/(liabilities) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
	(286,305)	
	,390,674 2,817,474)	
Deferred OPEB/pension costs in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(1	1,713,105)
	684,560	
	,326,105 ,568,400)	
		3,442,265
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	44,564

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Special Revenue Funds					
				Public		Roads and		Total
		General		Safety		Bridges	Go	overnmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
REVENUES		- unu		- und				
Taxes	\$	2,425,620	\$	2,115,810	\$	1,089,085	\$	5,630,515
Fees, Permits and Licenses	Ŧ	313,995	+	_,,	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	313,995
Charges for Services		112,283		8,288		-		120,571
Fines and Forfeitures		139,870		89		-		139,959
Intergovernmental		1,476,110		-		260,549		1,736,659
Investment Income		(1,583)		-		6,493		4,910
Miscellaneous Revenue		37,667		921		-		38,588
Total Revenues	\$	4,503,962	\$	2,125,108	\$	1,356,127	\$	7,985,197
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government	\$	1,996,270	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,996,270
Public Safety		1,454,547		2,204,180		-		3,658,727
Roads and Bridges		-		-		816,872		816,872
Health Services		3,010		-		-		3,010
Capital Outlay		123,562		-		-		123,562
	\$	3,577,389	\$	2,204,180	\$	816,872	\$	6,598,441
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	926,573	\$	(79,072)	\$	539,255	\$	1,386,756
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)								
Transfers	\$	(16,262)	\$	16,262	\$	-	\$	-
Sale of Capital Assets	_	731	_	-		-	_	731
	\$	(15,531)	\$	16,262	\$	-	\$	731
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	911,042	\$	(62,810)	\$	539,255	\$	1,387,487
FUND BALANCES - JANUARY 1, 2022		3,912,057		368,492		926,070		5,206,619
FUND BALANCES - DECEMBER 31, 2022	\$	4,823,099	\$	305,682	\$	1,465,325	\$	6,594,106

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,387,487
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.		
Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays	\$ (164,017) 137,542	(00.475)
Some revenue/expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide/use current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds.		(26,475)
Pension Expense - IMRF Pension Expense - Police Compensated Absences	\$ 75,724 (1,553,071) (18,835)	(1,496,182)
Employer Pension Contributions are expensed in the fund financial statements but are treated as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability on the government-wide financial statements.		(1,490,102)
Pension Employer Contributions - IMRF Pension Employer Contributions - Police Pension	\$ 3,800 1,021,334	1,025,134
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 889,964

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	POLICE PENSION RUST FUND
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 1,237,928
Illinois Police Pension Consolidated Investment Fund	12,166,786
Due from Municipality	169,266
Prepaid Items	 3,371
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 13,577,351
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,511
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 2,511
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Pensions	\$ 13,574,840
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 13,574,840

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	F	POLICE PENSION UST FUND
ADDITIONS		
Contributions		
Employer	\$	1,021,334
Plan Members	_	364,645
Total Contributions	\$	1,385,979
Investment Income		
Increase/(Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	\$	(2,432,828)
	\$	(2,432,828)
Less: Investment Management Fees		21,640
Net Investment Income	\$	(2,454,468)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	(1,068,489)
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits	\$	870,295
Administrative Expenses	Ŷ	31,661
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	901,956
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE)	\$	(1,970,445)
NET POSITION - JANUARY 1, 2022		15,545,285
NET POSITION - DECEMBER 31, 2022	\$	13,574,840

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting policies used by the Village are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Village's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: Village of Barrington Hills

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Village complies with the provisions of GASB Statements and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Village. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statements, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

The Village's sworn police officers participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by Village Officials and three elected active police employees constitute the pension board. The participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as established by state statute and the Village is obligated to fund all remaining PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it is legally separate from the Village, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the Village's police employees. The PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund.

B. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund (reporting the Village's major funds) financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Village's general government, public safety, roads and bridges, and health services are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, sales taxes, unrestricted investment earnings among other similar revenues). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (general government, public safety, roads and bridges, or health services). Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given

function or segment. Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, sales taxes, unrestricted investment earnings, and other similar revenues).

The Village does not allocate indirect costs. Direct costs are allocated amongst Village departments based on the share of goods or services used by each department.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred of the inflows. revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category) for the determination of major funds. The Village electively added all funds as major funds.

If a fund is not electively added as major, the determination of a major fund is as follows:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental funds.

The following fund types are used by the Village:

1. Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The Village reports these governmental funds and fund types:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is considered a major fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village has two special revenue funds.

Public Safety Fund – Used to account for resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to supporting expenditures for the Village's public safety operation, including police protection, the school crossing guard program, and expenditures related to drug, DUI and gang awareness and prevention programs.

Roads and Bridges Fund – Used to account for resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to supporting expenditures for the repair and maintenance of the Village's roads and bridges.

The activities reported in these funds are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

2. Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trust or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Pension Trust Funds – Used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for pension benefit payments. The Police Pension Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for disability and retirement annuity payments to employees covered by the plan.

The Village's Fiduciary Fund is presented in the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (pension participants and beneficiaries) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Village, this fund is not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

D. Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All pension trust funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Pension trust fund equity is classified as net position.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements are met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements

are met, and the revenues are available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all of the Village's funds. Instead, the funds maintain their uninvested cash balances in common checking accounts, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balances attributable to each participating fund.

Occasionally certain funds participating in the commingled bank accounts will incur overdrafts (deficits) in the accounts. Such overdrafts in effect constitute cash borrowed from other Village funds and are, therefore, interfund loans that have not been authorized by Village Board action.

As of December 31, 2022, there were no cash overdrafts in any Village fund.

Cash and cash equivalents as well as investments on the Statement of Net Position are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, or cash with fiscal agent.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

G. Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes, sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, and grants.

All receivables are reported net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

H. Prepaids

Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

I. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or between proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements. In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$2,500, dependent on asset category, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Village as a whole. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line half-year basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Building Improvements10-45 yearsMachinery and Equipment3-20 years

K. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the Balance Sheets and Statements of Net Position will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resource until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period as an inflow of resource until then.

L. Compensated Absences

The Village accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is reported only as a general long-term debt obligation in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for vested accumulated sick leave in accordance with the Village's sick leave policy.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds on a straight-line basis, rather than expensed in the current year. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures at the time of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Lease Arrangements

The Village recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Village initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the Village determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The Village uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Village uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option prices that the Village is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Village monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability. Lease assets are reported with Capital Assets and lease liabilities are reported with Long Term Liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

The Village currently has no material leases that fall under this type of arrangement.

O. Government-Wide Net Position

Government-wide net position is divided into three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets. When there is no capital related debt, this component is referred to investment in capital assets
- 2. Restricted net position consists of net position that is restricted by the Village's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- 3. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.
- P. Governmental Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances are divided between nonspendable and spendable.

Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

The spendable fund balances are arranged in a hierarchy based on spending constraints.

 Restricted – Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints are placed on the use by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- 2. Committed Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints of the Village Board. Board approval of an ordinance is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village Board removes those constraints by taking the same type of action (ordinance). Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- 3. Assigned Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by an appointed body (e.g., a budget or finance committee) or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign, modify or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Assigned fund balances also include (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment within the General Fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purpose of the Village itself. All assigned fund balances are the residual amounts of the fund.

4. Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents the General Fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. This classification is also used to represent negative fund balances in other funds.

The Village permits funds to be expended in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned.

The Village has a Fund Balance Policy in place that was recommended by the Finance Committee, which requires a fund balance to contain no less than six months of the General Fund and Police Protection Fund expenditures, not to include extraordinary one-time material expenditures and the contribution to the Police Pension Fund. The fund balance is intended to be sufficient to provide financial resources for the Village in the event of an emergency or the loss of a major revenue source.

Q. Property Tax Calendar and Revenues

The Village's property tax is levied each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the Village's boundaries by December of the subsequent fiscal year. The 2022 levy was passed by the Board on December 16, 2021. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year they are for and are payable in two installments early in June and early in September of the following calendar year. The Village receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these dates.

R. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Village maintains common checking, savings, and investment accounts for all funds combined with the individual fund balances being maintained by the Village.

The Village is allowed to invest in securities as authorized by the Illinois Compiled Statutes, Chapter 30, Act 235/Articles 2 and 6.

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all funds on deposit at 110%, including checking accounts and certificates of deposit, that are in excess of FDIC insurance. The collateral must be in the name of the Village and held at an independent third party institution and must be evidenced by a written agreement. At December 31, 2022, the Village was in compliance with this policy.

Investments

It is the policy of the Village to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Village and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are legality, safety (preservation of capital and protection of investment principal), liquidity and yield.

Interest Rate Risk

Villago

In accordance with its investment policy, the Village limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

As of December 31, 2022, the Village and Police Pension had the following investments, maturities, and fair value measurements:

village					
	Credit	Segmented		Fair Value Mea	surement Using:
Types of investments	Quality/Ratings	Time Distribution	Amount	Level 1	Level 2
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	less than 1 year	\$ 2,236,020	\$-	\$ 2,236,020
Illinois Funds	N/A	less than 1 year	2,723,371	2,723,371	-
Total Investments			\$ 4,959,391	\$ 2,723,371	\$ 2,236,020
Police Pension	Credit	Segmented		Fair Value Mea	surement Using:
Types of investments	Quality/Ratings	Time Distribution	Amount	Level 1	Level 2
Illinois Funds	N/A	less than 1 year	\$ 1,176,499	\$ 1,176,499	\$-
Consolidated Police Pension					
Fund - IPOPIF	N/A	less than 1 year	12,166,786	12,166,786	-
Total Investments			\$ 13,343,285	\$ 13,343,285	\$-

The Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; debt securities and certificates of deposit classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

Debt securities and certificates of deposit classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The fair value of investments in the External Investment Pools is the same as the value of pool shares. The External Investment Pools are not SEC-registered but have regulatory oversight through the State of Illinois.

Credit Risk

The Village limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in negotiable certificates of deposit. The negotiable certificates of deposit are not rated but are each covered by FDIC insurance up to \$250,000.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Village's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment basis (DVP) with the underlying investments held in a custodial account with the trust department of an approved financial institution. Illinois Funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Village has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. The Village's investment policy requires diversification of investment to avoid unreasonable risk but has no set percentage limits.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2022	Ir	ocreases	Dec	reases	1	Balance 2/31/2022
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$ 350,349	\$	-	\$	-	\$	350,349
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$ 350,349	\$	-	\$	-	\$	350,349
Other Capital Assets							
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$ 2,354,248	\$	47,220	\$	-	\$	2,401,468
Machinery and Equipment	1,493,064		90,322		-		1,583,386
Total Other Capital Assets at Historical Cost	\$ 3,847,312	\$	137,542	\$	-	\$	3,984,854
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$ 1,406,760	\$	53,557	\$	-	\$	1,460,317
Machinery and Equipment	1,043,128		110,460		-		1,153,588
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 2,449,888	\$	164,017	\$	-	\$	2,613,905
Other Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,397,424	\$	(26,475)	\$	-	\$	1,370,949
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,747,773	\$	(26,475)	\$	-	\$	1,721,298

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 83,787
Public Safety	79,930
Roads and Bridges	300
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 164,017

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM LIABILITY ACTIVITY

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance I/1/2022	ŀ	Additions	Re	tirements	Balance 2/31/2022	Du	mounts ie Within ne Year
Governmental Activities								
Other Long-Term Liabilities								
Compensated Absences	\$ 267,470	\$	302,017	\$	283,182	\$ 286,305	\$	24,920
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 267,470	\$	302,017	\$	283,182	\$ 286,305	\$	24,920
Governmental Activities Long-								
Term Obligations	\$ 267,470	\$	302,017	\$	283,182	\$ 286,305	\$	24,920

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes receivable of \$5,365,851 and unavailable revenue of \$4,845,300 recorded in these financial statements are from the 2022 tax levy plus any remaining 2021 levy distributions made within 60 days of the Village's fiscal year-end. The 2022 taxes are unavailable as none of the taxes are collected before the end of the fiscal year and the Village does not consider the amounts to be available and does not budget for their use in fiscal year 2022. The Village has determined that 100% of the amounts collected for the 2021 levy are allocable for use in fiscal year 2022 and, therefore, are recorded in these financial statements as property taxes revenue (\$5,074,728). A summary of the assessed valuation, rates, and extensions for the years 2021, 2020, and 2019 follows:

COOK COUNTY							
Tax Year	2021		2	2020	2019		
Assessed Valuation	\$202,169,097		\$219,	,951,858	\$234,067,979		
	Rate	Extension	Rate	Extension	Rate	Extension	
General	0.1525	\$ 308,321	0.1994	\$ 438,589	0.1452	\$ 339,764	
Police Protection	0.6048	1,222,741	0.5428	1,193,983	0.5351	1,252,546	
Police Pension	0.2924	591,220	0.2324	511,233	0.2085	488,019	
Social Security	0.0538	108,784	0.0470	103,339	0.0435	101,913	
Audit	0.0143	28,970	0.0130	28,563	0.0135	31,532	
Street and Bridge	0.2895	585,308	0.2587	569,117	0.2754	644,558	
Street Lighting	0.0015	3,074	0.0031	6,812	0.0007	1,572	
Crossing Guard	0.0000	-	0.0000	-	0.0006	1,398	
Unemployment Insurance	0.0009	1,833	0.0014	3,118	0.0045	10,483	
Liability Insurance	0.0175	35,473	0.0234	51,442	0.0256	59,837	
-	1.4272	\$ 2,885,724	1.3212	\$ 2,906,196	1.2526	\$ 2,931,622	
McHENRY COUNTY							
Tax Year		2021	2	2020	:	2019	
Assessed Valuation	\$122	,395,265	\$118,364,236		\$132	,159,540	
	Rate	Extension	Rate	Extension	Rate	Extension	
General	0.1247	\$ 152,591	0.1769	\$ 209,375	0.1139	\$ 150,523	
Police Protection	0.4944	605,147	0.4816	569,986	0.4199	554,907	
Police Pension	0.2391	292,601	0.2062	244,053	0.1636	216,205	
Social Security	0.0440	53,838	0.0417	49,333	0.0342	45,150	
Audit	0.0117	14,337	0.0115	13,635	0.0105	13,970	
Street and Bridge	0.2367	289,674	0.2295	271,686	0.2161	285,555	
Street Lighting	0.0012	1,521	0.0027	3,252	0.0005	697	
Crossing Guard	0.0000	-	0.0000	-	0.0004	619	
Unemployment Insurance	0.0007	907	0.0013	1,488	0.0035	4,644	
Liability Insurance	0.0143	17,556	0.0207	24,558	0.0201	26,510	
	1.1669	\$ 1,428,173	1.1721	\$ 1,387,366	0.9827	\$ 1,298,780	

LAKE COUNTY										
Tax Year	2	2021		:	2020			2019		
Assessed Valuation	\$66,542,786		\$65,	\$65,935,538			\$73,672,538			
	Rate	E	xtension	Rate	E	xtension	Rate	E	xtension	
General	0.1077	\$	71,655	0.1656	\$	109,170	0.1228	\$	90,490	
Police Protection	0.4270		284,167	0.4507		297,195	0.4528		333,591	
Police Pension	0.2065		137,401	0.1930		127,252	0.1764		129,974	
Social Security	0.0380		25,283	0.0390		25,723	0.0369		27,143	
Audit	0.0101		6,733	0.0108		7,110	0.0114		8,399	
Street and Bridge	0.2044		136,026	0.2148		141,660	0.2330		171,666	
Street Lighting	0.0011		715	0.0026		1,697	0.0006		418	
Crossing Guard	0.0000		-	0.0000		-	0.0005		372	
Unemployment Insurance	0.0006		427	0.0012		777	0.0038		2,793	
Liability Insurance	0.0124		8,245	0.0194		12,805	0.0216		15,936	
Revenue Recapture	0.0094		6,268	0.0000		-	0.0000		-	
	1.0173	\$	676,920	1.0971	\$	723,389	1.0598	\$	780,782	
		-								
KANE COUNTY										
<i>KANE COUNTY</i> Tax Year		2021		:	2020)		2019)	
<i>KANE COUNTY</i> Tax Year Assessed Valuation		2021 018.			2020 764.0			2019		
Tax Year	2 \$10,1 Rate	018,			764,0			76,6		
Tax Year	\$10,	018,	782	\$9,7	764,0)29	\$9,3	76,6	690	
Tax Year Assessed Valuation	\$10, Rate	018, E	782 Extension	\$9,7 Rate	764,0 E)29 ixtension	\$9,3 Rate	576,6 E	90 Extension	
Tax Year Assessed Valuation General	\$10,0 Rate 0.1140	018, E	782 Extension 11,421	\$9,7 Rate 0.1556	764,0 E)29 ixtension 15,194	\$9,3 Rate 0.1338	576,6 E	890 Extension 12,544	
Tax Year Assessed Valuation General Police Protection	\$10, Rate 0.1140 0.4521	018, E	782 Extension 11,421 45,293	\$9,7 Rate 0.1556 0.4236	764,0 E)29 ixtension 15,194 41,363	\$9,3 Rate 0.1338 0.4932	576,6 E	590 Extension 12,544 46,242	
Tax Year Assessed Valuation General Police Protection Police Pension	\$10, Rate 0.1140 0.4521 0.2186	018, E	782 Extension 11,421 45,293 21,900	\$9,7 Rate 0.1556 0.4236 0.1814	764,0 E	029 Extension 15,194 41,363 17,711	\$9,3 Rate 0.1338 0.4932 0.1921	576,6 E	690 Extension 12,544 46,242 18,017	
Tax Year Assessed Valuation General Police Protection Police Pension Social Security	\$10, Rate 0.1140 0.4521 0.2186 0.0402	018, E	782 ixtension 11,421 45,293 21,900 4,030	\$9,7 Rate 0.1556 0.4236 0.1814 0.0367	764,0 E	029 ixtension 15,194 41,363 17,711 3,580	\$9,3 Rate 0.1338 0.4932 0.1921 0.0401	576,6 E	590 Extension 12,544 46,242 18,017 3,762	
Tax Year Assessed Valuation General Police Protection Police Pension Social Security Audit	\$10, Rate 0.1140 0.4521 0.2186 0.0402 0.0107	018, E	782 ixtension 11,421 45,293 21,900 4,030 1,073	\$9,7 Rate 0.1556 0.4236 0.1814 0.0367 0.0101	764,0 E	029 ixtension 15,194 41,363 17,711 3,580 990	\$9,3 Rate 0.1338 0.4932 0.1921 0.0401 0.0124	576,6 E	590 52 12,544 46,242 18,017 3,762 1,164	
Tax Year Assessed Valuation General Police Protection Police Pension Social Security Audit Street and Bridge	\$10, Rate 0.1140 0.4521 0.2186 0.0402 0.0107 0.2164	018, E	782 ixtension 11,421 45,293 21,900 4,030 1,073 21,681	\$9,7 Rate 0.1556 0.4236 0.1814 0.0367 0.0101 0.2019	764,0 E	29 ixtension 15,194 41,363 17,711 3,580 990 19,716	\$9,3 Rate 0.1338 0.4932 0.1921 0.0401 0.0124 0.2538	576,6 E	590 ixtension 12,544 46,242 18,017 3,762 1,164 23,796	
Tax Year Assessed Valuation General Police Protection Police Pension Social Security Audit Street and Bridge Street Lighting	\$10, Rate 0.1140 0.4521 0.2186 0.0402 0.0107 0.2164 0.0011	018, E	782 ixtension 11,421 45,293 21,900 4,030 1,073 21,681	\$9,7 Rate 0.1556 0.4236 0.1814 0.0367 0.0101 0.2019 0.0024	764,0 E	29 ixtension 15,194 41,363 17,711 3,580 990 19,716	\$9,3 Rate 0.1338 0.4932 0.1921 0.0401 0.0124 0.2538 0.0006	576,6 E	390 ixtension 12,544 46,242 18,017 3,762 1,164 23,796 58	
Tax Year Assessed Valuation General Police Protection Police Pension Social Security Audit Street and Bridge Street Lighting Crossing Guard	\$10, Rate 0.1140 0.4521 0.2186 0.0402 0.0107 0.2164 0.0011 0.0000	018, E	782 <u>ixtension</u> 11,421 45,293 21,900 4,030 1,073 21,681 114 -	\$9,7 Rate 0.1556 0.4236 0.1814 0.0367 0.0101 0.2019 0.0024 0.0000	764,0 E	229 xtension 15,194 41,363 17,711 3,580 990 19,716 236 -	\$9,3 Rate 0.1338 0.4932 0.1921 0.0401 0.0124 0.2538 0.0006 0.0006	576,6 E	390 212,544 46,242 18,017 3,762 1,164 23,796 58 52	
Tax Year Assessed Valuation General Police Protection Police Pension Social Security Audit Street and Bridge Street Lighting Crossing Guard Unemployment Insurance	\$10, Rate 0.1140 0.4521 0.2186 0.0402 0.0107 0.2164 0.0011 0.0000 0.0007	018, E	782 5xtension 11,421 45,293 21,900 4,030 1,073 21,681 114 - 68	\$9,7 Rate 0.1556 0.4236 0.1814 0.0367 0.0101 0.2019 0.0024 0.0000 0.0011	764,0 E	229 xtension 15,194 41,363 17,711 3,580 990 19,716 236 - 108	\$9,3 Rate 0.1338 0.4932 0.1921 0.0401 0.0124 0.2538 0.0006 0.0006 0.0041	576,6 E	390 212,544 46,242 18,017 3,762 1,164 23,796 58 52 387	

NOTE 6 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

For the year ended December 31, 2022, no funds had expenditures that exceeded the budget.

NOTE 7 - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

A. Plan Description

The Village's defined benefit agent multiple-employer pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

B. Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired **before** January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last ten years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired **on or after** January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last ten years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

C. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

All appointed employees of a participating employer who are employed in a position normally requiring 600 hours (1,000 hours for certain employees hired after 1981) or more of work in a year are required to participate. As of December 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	20
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	16
Active plan members	6
Total	42

D. Contributions

As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rate for the calendar years 2021 and 2022 were 0.77% and 0.77%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, the Village contributed \$3,800 to the plan. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

E. Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the IMRF actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2022, and a measurement date as of December 31, 2022, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 6,888,588
IMRF Fiduciary Net Position	8,279,262
Village's Net Pension (Asset)/Liability	(1,390,674)
IMRF Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	120.19%

See the Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios in the Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements for additional information related to the funded status of the plan.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2022 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Assumptions	
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	2.85% - 13.75% including inflation
Interest Rate	7.25%
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Projected Retirement Age	Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2020 valuation according to an experience study from years 2017 to 2019

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020 were used. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020 were used. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020 were used.

G. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2022:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Projected Return
Equities	35.50%	6.50%
International Equities	18.00%	7.60%
Fixed Income	25.50%	4.90%
Real Estate	10.50%	6.20%
Alternatives	9.50%	
Private Equity		9.90%
Hedge Funds		N/A
Commodities		6.25%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	4.00%
	100.00%	

H. Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2022. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%; the municipal bond rate is 4.05%; and resulting single discount rate is 7.25%. The prior year single discount rate was 7.25% and increased 0.00% to the current year single discount rate.

Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pension Liability Net Position (Asset)/Liability (A) (B) (A)-(B) Balances at December 31, 2021 \$ 6,662,342 \$ 9,915,451 \$ (3, 253, 109)Changes for the year: Service Cost \$ 41,460 \$ \$ 41,460 Interest on the Total Pension Liability 470,830 470,830 Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience of the Total Pension Liability 91,687 91,687 Contributions - Employer 3,800 (3,800) _ 22,207 Contributions - Employee (22, 207)_ Net Investment Income (1, 326, 979)1,326,979 Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions (377, 731)(377, 731)42,514 (42, 514)Other (Net Transfer) Net Changes \$ 226,246 \$ (1,636,189)\$ 1,862,435 Balances at December 31, 2022 \$ 6 888 588 \$ 8,279,262 \$ (1,390,674)

I. Changes in the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability

J. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		6.25%		7.25%		8.25%
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	(653,344)	\$	(1,390,674)	\$	(1,952,322)

K. Pension Income and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized pension income of \$75,724. At December 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Expense in Future Periods	Ou	Deferred utflow s of esources	Inflo	ferred owsof ources	(Inflow	: Deferred (s)/Outflows Resources
Differences betw een expected and actual experience	\$	29,034	\$	-	\$	29,034
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		655,526		-		655,526
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	\$	684,560	\$	-	\$	684,560
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		-		-		-
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	684,560	\$	-	\$	684,560

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		t Deferred vs)/Outflows
December 31	of	Resources
2023	\$	(44,622)
2024		99,652
2025		222,602
2026		406,928
2027		-
Thereafter		-
	\$	684,560

NOTE 8 - POLICE PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Administration

Full-time police sworn personnel of the Village are covered by The Police Pension Fund of the Village (Plan). Although this is a single-member pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statues (40 IL CS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the Plan as a pension trust fund. No separate report is issued on this pension plan.

The Pension Board administers the Plan and the Illinois Department of Insurance is the oversight agency. The Board consists of five elected or appointed members.

B. Plan Membership

At January 1, 2022, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, Plan participation consisted of:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	11
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	16
Total	27

C. Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to Plan members and their beneficiaries. Chapter 40-Pensions-Act 5/Article 3 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the Plan to the Illinois legislature.

Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, and 1% of such salary for each additional year of service over 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary.

Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 attaining the age of 55 or more with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of 2.5% of final average salary for each year of service, with a maximum salary cap of \$106,800 as of January 1, 2011. The maximum salary cap increases each year thereafter. The monthly benefit of a police officer hired before January 1, 2011, who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least

55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter. The monthly pension of a police officer hired on or after January 1, 2011, shall be increased annually, following the later of the first anniversary date of retirement or the month following the attainment of age 60, but the lessor of 3% or $\frac{1}{2}$ the consumer price index. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit.

D. Contributions

Employees are required by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the Village has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past service cost for the Plan. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village's contribution was 57.4% of covered payroll.

E. Investment Policy

ILCS limit the Plan's investments to those allowable by ILCS and require the Plan's Board of Trustees to adopt an investment policy which can be amended by a majority vote of the Board of Trustees. The Plan's investment policy authorizes the Plan to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, investment grade corporate bonds and Illinois Funds. The Plan may also invest in certain non-U.S. obligations, Illinois municipal corporations tax anticipation warrants, veteran's loans, obligations of the State of Illinois and its political subdivisions, Illinois insurance company general and separate accounts, mutual funds and corporate equity securities.

After the transfer of assets into the consolidated fund, Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund (IPOPIF), all investments within that fund are managed by the consolidated fund. IPOPIF is authorized to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The authority of IPOPIF to manage pension fund assets of Article 3 Pension Funds shall begin when there has been a physical transfer of the pension fund assets to IPOPIF and the assets have been placed in the custody of IPOPIF's custodian or custodians. After the transition of investment assets from Article 3 Pension Funds to IPOPIF has been completed, IPOPIF shall have the authority to manage the pension fund assets of the transferor pension funds for the purpose of obtaining a total return on investments of pension fund assets currently held by the transferor pension funds under Section 1-113.1 through 1-113.12 or Article 3 of the Illinois Pension Code. All investments shall be clearly held and accounted for to indicate ownership by IPOPIF. IPOPIF may direct the registration of securities in its own name or in the name of the nominee created for the express purpose of registration of securities by a national or state bank or trust company authorized by conduct a trust business in the State of Illinois.

IPOPIF's investment policy, in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS), establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Forecast Return % (Geometric)
US Large	23.00%	6.07%
US Small	5.00%	5.59%
International Developed	18.00%	7.28%
International Developed Small	5.00%	7.93%
Emerging Markets	7.00%	7.42%
Private Equity (Direct)	7.00%	11.40%
Bank Loans	3.00%	3.51%
High Yield Corp. Credit	3.00%	4.89%
Emerging Market Debt	3.00%	6.93%
Emerging Market Debt Local	N/A	4.56%
Private Credit	5.00%	6.80%
US TIPS	3.00%	2.84%
REITs	0.00%	6.29%
Real Estate/Infrastructure	8.00%	6.29%
Value Add Real Estate	N/A	8.29%
Cash	1.00%	0.98%
Short-Term Gov't/Credit	3.00%	3.02%
US Treasury	3.00%	2.93%
Core Fixed Income	0.00%	3.44%
Core Plus Fixed Income	3.00%	3.68%

F. Investment Valuations

All Investments in the Plan are stated at fair value and are recorded as of the trade date. Fair value is based on quoted market prices at December 31, 2022 for debt securities, equity securities and mutual funds.

G. Investment Concentrations

There are no significant investments (other than U.S. Government guaranteed obligations) in any one organization that represent 5.0% or more of the Plan's investments.

H. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Plan's deposits may not be returned to it. The Plan's investment policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance.

I. Interest Rate Risk

The investments, maturities, and fair value measurements of the Plan's securities can be found in Note 2.

In accordance with its investment policy, the Plan limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for operating funds and maximizing yields for funds not needed for expected current cash flows. The investment policy does not limit the maximum maturity length of investments in the Plan.

J. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Consolidated Fund's investment policy establishes criteria for allowable investments; those criteria follow the requirements of the Illinois Pension Code. Credit risk is also reduced by the Consolidated Fund's Independent Board conducting its responsibilities with the care, skill and caution under the circumstances then prevailing which a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with those matters would use the conduct of an activity of like character or purpose.

K. Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Plan as of December 31, 2022, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 26,392,315
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	13,574,841
Village's Net Pension Liability	12,817,474
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	51.43%

See the Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios in the Required Supplementary Information for additional information related to the funded status of the Plan.

L. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2022 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level %)
Assumptions	
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.75% - 13.17%
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market Value

Active Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study. Mortality improvement used MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

50% of active Member deaths are assumed to be in the Line of Duty.

Retiree Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Police 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved full generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Disabled Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010 Study for disabled participants. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Spouse Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study for contingent survivors. For all rates not provided there (ages 45 and younger) the PubG-2010 Study for general employees was used. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

M. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6%. The discount rate used in the determination of the Total Pension Liability is based on a combination of the expected long-term rate of return on plan investments and the municipal bond rate.

The Discount Rate used in the determination of the Total Pension Liability was changed from 5.78%, in the prior year, to 6.00%. The Discount Rate is impacted by a couple of metrics. Any change in the underlying High-Quality 20 Year Tax Exempt G.O. Bond Rate, which changed from 2.06% to 3.72%, will impact the blended Discount Rate.

Cash flow projections were used to determine the extent which the plan's future net position will be able to cover future benefit payments. To the extent future benefit payments are covered by the plan's projected net position, the expected rate of return on plan investments is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments. To the extent future benefit payments are not covered by the plan's projected net position, the municipal bond rate is used to determine the portion of the net pension liability associated with those payments.

N. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Т	otal Pension Liability (A)	an Fiduciary Net Position (B)	1	Net Pension Liability (A)-(B)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$	26,131,108	\$ 15,545,285	\$	10,585,823
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost	\$	617,033	\$ -	\$	617,033
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		1,477,682	-		1,477,682
Changes of Benefit Terms		(8,560)	-		(8,560)
Differences Betw een Expected and Actual Experience of the					
Total Pension Liability		(147,959)	-		(147,959)
Changes of Assumptions		(806,694)	-		(806,694)
Contributions - Employer		-	1,021,334		(1,021,334)
Contributions - Employee		-	174,172		(174,172)
Contributions - Other		-	190,473		(190,473)
Net Investment Income		-	(2,454,680)		2,454,680
Benefit Payments, including Refunds of Employee Contributions		(870,295)	(870,295)		-
Administrative Expense		-	 (31,448)		31,448
Net Changes	\$	261,207	\$ (1,970,444)	\$	2,231,651
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$	26,392,315	\$ 13,574,841	\$	12,817,474

O. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 6.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	5.00%	6.00%	7.00%
Net Pension Liability	\$16,771,616	\$12,817,474	\$ 9,600,065

P. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Village recognized pension expense of \$1,553,071. At December 31, 2022, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Expense in Future Periods	Deferred Outflow s of Resources		Outflows of Inflows of		Net Deferred (Inflows)/Outflow of Resources	
Differences betw een expected and actual experience Assumption changes Net difference betw een projected and actual	\$	373,789 2,073,534	\$	872,877 695,523	\$	(499,088) 1,378,011
earnings on pension investments		1,878,782		-		1,878,782
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods	\$	4,326,105	\$	1,568,400	\$	2,757,705

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31	(Inflo	Net Deferred (Inflow s)/Outflow s of Resources			
2023	\$	506,994			
2024		746,238			
2025		901,260			
2026		799,612			
2027		(152,390)			
Thereafter		(44,009)			
	\$	2,757,705			

NOTE 9 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COMMITMENTS - POST-RETIREMENT HEALTH PLAN

The Village provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employer rate to all eligible employees in accordance with Illinois statutes, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the Village are required to pay 100% of the current premium. However, no retired employees have chosen to stay in the Village's health insurance plan. Therefore, there has been 0% utilization and, therefore, no implicit subsidy to calculate in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Additionally, the Village had no former employees for whom the Village was providing an explicit subsidy and no current employees with agreements for future explicit subsidies upon retirement. Therefore, the Village has not recorded any postemployment benefit liability as of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 10 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The Village's interfund balances at December 31, 2022 consist of the following:

Due From	Due To	 Balance
General Fund	Police Pension Fund	\$ 169,266

The interfund balance is due to anticipated pension contribution receipts.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount				
General Fund	Public Safety Fund	\$	16,262			

The purpose of the transfer was to transfer forfeiture revenues to the proper fund.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the current fiscal year or the two prior fiscal years.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 13 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The Village has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This statement establishes financial reporting standards related to leases. Implementation of this standard resulted in recognizing the fair market value of the liability and asset at the commencement of the agreement. There have been no changes to the previously issued audited financial statements which would be required on a retrospective basis.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	12/31/2020	12/31/2019	12/31/2018	12/31/2017	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	\$ 41,460 470,830 91,687 - (377,731) \$ 226,246	\$ 42,540 462,422 (13,237) - (372,688)	\$ 42,883 453,995 47,383 (58,604) (365,809)	\$ 46,905 439,037 96,985 - (383,399)	\$ 48,689 408,876 341,488 165,552 (336,013)	\$ 50,562 410,040 (370) (174,985) (263,645)	\$ 58,124 397,493 (28,899) - (247,649)	\$ 109,073 402,650 (273,403) - (315,557)	\$ 112,314 372,888 (28,799) 183,087 (166,528) \$ 472,962
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 226,246	\$ 119,037	\$ 119,848	\$ 199,528	\$ 628,592	\$ 21,602	\$ 179,069	\$ (77,237)	\$ 472,962
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	6,662,342	6,543,305	6,423,457	6,223,929	5,595,337	5,573,735	5,394,666	5,471,903	4,998,941
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 6,888,588	\$ 6,662,342	\$ 6,543,305	\$ 6,423,457	\$ 6,223,929	\$ 5,595,337	\$ 5,573,735	\$ 5,394,666	\$ 5,471,903
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expenses Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 3,800 22,207 (1,326,979) (377,731) 42,514 \$ (1,636,189)	\$ 3,602 21,051 1,544,148 (372,688) (82,151) \$ 1,113,962	\$ 3,572 21,148 1,177,424 (365,809) 66,927 \$ 903,262	\$ 3,550 20,745 1,354,699 (383,399) (20,144) \$ 975,451	\$ 3,693 21,575 (441,734) (336,013) 223,567 \$ (528,912)	\$ 4,481 23,454 1,181,814 (263,645) (38,878) \$ 907,226	\$ 18,491 24,403 425,165 (247,649) 95,627 \$ 316,037	\$ 41,172 44,753 32,674 (315,557) (224,176) \$ (421,134)	\$ 52,164 44,798 382,304 (166,528) 34,763 \$ 347,501
Plan Net Position - Beginning	9,915,451	8,801,489	7,898,227	6,922,776	7,451,688	6,544,462	6,228,425	6,649,559	6,302,058
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$ 8,279,262	\$ 9,915,451	\$ 8,801,489	\$ 7,898,227	\$ 6,922,776	\$ 7,451,688	\$ 6,544,462	\$ 6,228,425	\$ 6,649,559
Village's Net Pension (Asset)/Liability	\$ (1,390,674)	\$ (3,253,109)	\$ (2,258,184)	\$ (1,474,770)	\$ (698,847)	\$ (1,856,351)	\$ (970,727)	\$ (833,759)	\$ (1,177,656)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension (Asset)/Liability	120.19%	148.83%	134.51%	122.96%	111.23%	133.18%	117.42%	115.46%	121.52%
Covered Payroll	\$ 493,506	\$ 467,800	\$ 469,947	\$ 461,001	\$ 479,453	\$ 521,193	\$ 542,290	\$ 994,513	\$ 995,505
Employer's Net Pension (Asset)/Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	-281.79%	-695.41%	-480.52%	-319.91%	-145.76%	-356.17%	-179.01%	-83.84%	-118.30%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	12	/31/2022*	12	/31/2021*	12	/31/2020*	12	/31/2019*	12	2/31/2018*	12	2/31/2017*	12	/31/2016*	12	/31/2015*	12	/31/2014*
Actuarially-Determined Contribution	\$	3,800	\$	3,602	\$	3,572	\$	3,550	\$	3,692	\$	4,482	\$	18,492	\$	41,173	\$	52,164
Contributions in relation to Actuarially-Determined Contribution		3,800		3,602		3,572		3,550		3,693		4,481		18,491		41,172	_	52,164
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1)	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	\$	-
Covered Payroll	\$	493,503	\$	467,800	\$	469,947	\$	461,001	\$	479,453	\$	521,193	\$	542,290	\$	994,513	\$	995,905
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll		0.77%		0.77%		0.76%		0.77%		0.77%		0.86%		3.41%		4.14%		5.24%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial Method and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2022 Contribution Rate *

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 21-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 2.75%

Price Inflation: 2.25%, approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.

Salary Increases: 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.25%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

*Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation; note two year lag between valuation and rate setting.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS POLICE PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	12/31/2020	12/31/2019	12/31/2018	12/31/2017	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost Interest Changes in Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 617,033 1,477,682 (8,560) (147,959)	\$ 556,383 1,426,511 - (868,030)	\$ 515,089 1,416,707 - (298,024)	\$519,325 1,245,644 48,902 622,493	\$ 492,962 1,164,918 - 222,104	\$ 485,503 1,095,109 - 27,390	\$ 455,871 1,053,382 - (127,433)	\$ 407,335 939,478 - (223,176)	\$ 424,764 878,254 -
Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(806,694) (870,295) \$ 261,207	(868,145) \$ 928,493	2,301,837 (766,214) \$ 3,169,395	780,385 (694,572) \$ 2,522,177	(581,500) \$ 1,298,484		(127,400) (282,786) (427,630) \$ 671,404	1,048,198 (411,322) \$ 1,760,513	<u>(310,872)</u> \$ 992,146
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	26,131,108	25,202,615	22,033,220	19,511,043	18,212,559	17,091,092	16,419,688	14,659,175	13,667,029
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 26,392,315	\$ 26,131,108	\$ 25,202,615	\$ 22,033,220	\$ 19,511,043	\$ 18,212,559	\$ 17,091,092	\$ 16,419,688	\$ 14,659,175
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Contributions - Other Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Administrative Expenses Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<pre>\$ 1,021,334 174,172 190,473 (2,454,680) (870,295) (31,448) \$ (1,970,444)</pre>	\$ 875,900 156,437 - 1,463,217 (868,145) (29,667) \$ 1,597,742	\$ 828,854 165,395 1,679,352 (766,214) (34,500) \$ 1,872,887	\$ 811,181 165,467 - 1,745,472 (694,572) (23,022) \$ 2,004,526	\$ 759,206 162,084 (565,370) (581,500) (38,366) \$ (263,946)	\$ 704,876 161,227 - 864,893 (486,535) (50,013) \$ 1,194,448	\$ 671,907 159,036 370 335,609 (427,630) (37,533) \$ 701,759	\$ 693,107 154,480 - 21,753 (411,322) (30,837) \$ 427,181	\$ 652,863 175,420 50 375,634 (310,872) (28,485) \$ 864,610
Plan Net Position - Beginning	15,545,285	13,947,543	12,074,656	10,070,130	10,334,076	9,139,628	8,437,869	8,010,688	7,146,078
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$ 13,574,841	\$ 15,545,285	\$ 13,947,543	\$ 12,074,656	\$ 10,070,130	\$ 10,334,076	\$ 9,139,628	\$ 8,437,869	\$ 8,010,688
Village's Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,817,474	\$ 10,585,823	\$ 11,255,072	\$ 9,958,564	\$ 9,440,913	\$ 7,878,483	\$ 7,951,464	\$ 7,981,819	\$ 6,648,487
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	51.43%	59.49%	55.34%	54.80%	51.61%	56.74%	53.48%	51.39%	54.65%
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,780,863	\$ 1,614,960	\$ 1,668,967	\$ 1,669,697	\$ 1,640,626	\$ 1,660,990	\$ 1,604,821	\$ 1,568,660	\$ 1,522,210
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	719.73%	655.49%	674.37%	596.43%	575.45%	474.32%	495.47%	508.83%	436.77%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS POLICE PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	12/31/2020	12/31/2019	12/31/2018	12/31/2017	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2014
Actuarially-Determined Contribution	\$ 1,066,073	\$ 1,013,938	\$ 917,285	\$ 812,999	\$ 757,001	\$ 712,077	\$ 627,580	\$ 669,214	\$ 645,634
Contributions in relation to Actuarially-Determined Contribution	1,021,334	875,900	828,854	811,181	759,206	704,876	671,907	693,107	652,863
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$ 44,739	\$ 138,038	\$ 88,431	\$ 1,818	\$ (2,205)	\$ 7,201	\$ (44,327)	\$ (23,893)	\$ (7,229)
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,780,863	\$ 1,614,960	\$ 1,668,967	\$ 1,669,697	\$ 1,640,626	\$ 1,660,990	\$ 1,604,821	\$ 1,568,660	\$ 1,522,210
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll	57.4%	54.2%	49.7%	48.6%	46.3%	42.4%	41.9%	44.2%	42.9%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial Method and Assumptions Used on the Calculation of the 2022 Contribution Rate *

The Actuarially Determined Contribution shown above or the current year is the Recommended Contribution from the January 1, 2021 Actuarial Valuation completed by Lauterbach & Amen, LLP for the December 2021 tax levy. The methods and assumptions shown below are based on the same Actuarial Valuation. For more detail on the age-based and service-based rates disclosed below, please see the Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal (Level % Pay)

Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Amortization Target: 100% Funded Over 20 Years

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market value

Inflation (CPI-U): 2.25%

Total Payroll Increases: 3.25%

Individual Pay Increases: 3.75% to 13.17%

Expected Rate of Return on Investments: 6.50%

Mortality: Pub-2010 Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Described

Retirement Rates: 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Retirement Rates Capped at Age 65

Termination Rates: 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Termination Rates

Disability Rates: 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts			
REVENUES Taxes Fees, Permits and Licenses Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Intergovernmental Interest Income Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues	\$	2,227,200 155,650 88,822 42,000 1,031,806 3,000 26,500 3,574,978	\$	2,425,620 313,995 112,283 139,870 1,476,110 (1,583) <u>37,667</u> 4,503,962		
EXPENDITURES Current General Government Public Safety Health Services Capital Outlay	\$	1,986,495 1,527,100 6,233 159,200 3,679,028	\$	1,996,270 1,454,547 3,010 123,562 3,577,389		
Total Expenditures	\$	3,679,028	\$	3,577,389		
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)	_\$	(104,050)	\$	926,573		
Transfers Sale of Fixed Assets	\$ \$	- 12,000 12,000	\$ \$	(16,262) 731 (15,531)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(92,050)	\$	911,042		
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1, 2022				3,912,057		
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2022			\$	4,823,099		

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PUBLIC SAFETY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 Budgeted Amounts Original and Final		Actual Amounts
REVENUES Property Tax Special Detail Drug/Gang/DUI Fund Insurance Reimbursement Total Revenues	\$ 2,068,165 10,000 22,000 - 2,100,165	\$	2,115,810 8,288 89 921 2,125,108
EXPENDITURES Current Public Safety Regular Salaries	\$ 2,200,306	\$	2,078,467
Overtime Longevity Awards Education Benefits	\$ 2,200,300 82,200 20,750 4,000 2,307,256	э \$	92,700 21,750 4,000 2,196,917
Drug/Gang/DUI	\$ 22,000	\$	7,263
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,329,256	\$	2,204,180
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (229,091)	\$	(79,072)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Transfers	 -		16,262
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (229,091)	\$	(62,810)
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1, 2022			368,492
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2022		\$	305,682

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ROADS AND BRIDGES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		 Actual Amounts	
REVENUES Property Taxes Roads and Bridges Taxes Motor Fuel Tax Interest Motor Fuel Tax Rebuild Illinois	\$	990,000 84,460 500 167,100 -	\$ 1,012,796 76,289 6,493 168,086 92,463
Total Revenues EXPENDITURES Current Roads and Bridges Road Maintenance Snow Plowing Mowing Sign Purchase and Installation Drainage Management Engineering Fees Road Patching Road Salt Motor Fuel Tax Bridge Inspection	\$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,242,060\\ 661,000\\ 2,800\\ 70,000\\ 20,000\\ 225,000\\ 150,000\\ 60,000\\ 15,500\\ 157,500\\ 5,000\\ 1,366,800\\ \end{array}$	\$ 1,356,127 397,727 1,806 70,527 29,188 43,201 76,095 1,984 - 172,975 23,369 816,872
Total Expenditures	\$	1,366,800	\$ 816,872
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(124,740)	\$ 539,255
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)		-	 -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(124,740)	\$ 539,255
FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1, 2022			 926,070
FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31, 2022			\$ 1,465,325

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - BUDGET

Annual budgets are adopted for all Village fund types on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All operating departments of the Village submit budget requests to the Village Administrator so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function, department, and object, and includes information on the past two years, current year estimated, and requested budgets for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the Board of Trustees for review. The governing body then adopts the annual budget. On the basis of the adopted annual budget, the annual appropriation ordinance is prepared. The Board of Trustees holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations.

Once the annual appropriation ordinance is enacted the Administrator is authorized to transfer appropriation amounts between departments within any fund, however, any revisions that alter the total appropriated expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing body. Legally, expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level.

The budget was adopted by the governing body on November 18, 2021, and there were no amendments for fiscal year 2022. The annual appropriation ordinance was enacted on February 22, 2022, and there were no amendments for fiscal year 2022.

The budget amounts reported in these financial statements reflect those of the legally enacted appropriation ordinance.

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

For the year ended December 31, 2022, no fund had expenditures that exceeded the budget.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts			
Revenues						
Taxes						
Property Tax	\$	1,822,800	\$	1,869,833		
Utility		404,400		555,787		
Total Taxes	\$	2,227,200	\$	2,425,620		
Fees, Permits and Licenses						
Building Permits	\$	100,000	\$	246,924		
Liquor and Scavenger Licenses	φ	1,000	φ	1,050		
				200		
Zoning and Petition Fees		2,000				
No Trespassing Signs		150		669		
Overweight Permit Fees		42,500		40,152		
Towing Fees		10,000	<u> </u>	25,000		
Total Fees, Permits and Licenses	\$	155,650	\$	313,995		
Charges for Services						
Police Accident Reports	\$	1,500	\$	1,555		
Franchise Fees		80,000		89,847		
Rental Income		3,500		3,462		
Lease Income		-		13,596		
Insurance Reimbursements		3,822		3,823		
Total Charges for Services	\$	88,822	\$	112,283		
Total Charges for Services		00,022	φ	112,205		
Fines and Forfeitures						
Traffic Fines - Cook County	\$	30,000	\$	2,000		
Supervision Fees		500		-		
Police "C" Tickets		8,000		85,082		
Administrative Adjudication Fines		3,500		52,788		
Total Fines and Forfeitures	\$	42,000	\$	139,870		
Intergovernmental						
State Income Taxes	\$	438,000	\$	670,366		
State Cannabis Use Tax	Ŧ	6,000	Ŧ	6,670		
Sales and Use		254,000		372,066		
Replacement		49,000		141,911		
Grant Revenues		284,806		285,097		
Total Intergovernmental	\$	1,031,806	\$	1,476,110		
Investment Income	\$	3,000	\$	(1,583)		
Miscellaneous Revenue	*		^	~ ~ ~ ~		
Police Training Reimbursements	\$	-	\$	2,386		
Animal Services Reimbursements		1,000		-		
Contributions/Donations		12,000		14,400		
Other		13,500		20,881		
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	26,500	\$	37,667		
Total Revenues	\$	3,574,978	\$	4,503,962		

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts	
		Original	Actual
	a	and Final	Amounts
General Government			
Administration	\$	556,670	\$ 529,981
Building Department		188,300	224,609
Insurance and Risk		808,825	822,008
Legal		328,500	281,200
Municipal Building and Grounds		94,700	126,981
Zoning and Planning Development		9,500	 11,491
Total General Government	\$	1,986,495	\$ 1,996,270
Public Safety			
Police Department	\$	1,527,100	\$ 1,454,547
Health Services	\$	6,233	\$ 3,010
Capital Outlay	\$	159,200	\$ 123,562
Total Expenditures	\$	3,679,028	\$ 3,577,389

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS WITH UNDERLYING INTERNAL FUNDS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	General												
	Genera Fund	I	Social Security Fund		Audit Fund	L	ighting Fund		Liability nsurance Fund		mployment isurance Fund	 IMRF Fund	 Total General Fund
Fund Balance, January 1, 2022	\$ 3,788,	558 \$	30,115	\$	4,034	\$	1,474	\$	68,651	\$	13,196	\$ 6,029	\$ 3,912,057
Total Revenues	4,195,	638	188,228		50,130		5,336		61,453		3,177	-	4,503,962
Total Expenditures	3,241,	288	176,831		51,425		4,796		96,867		2,382	3,800	3,577,389
Net Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(164,	237)					-		34,561		-	 114,145	 (15,531)
Fund Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 4,578,	671 \$	41,512	\$	2,739	\$	2,014	\$	67,798	\$	13,991	\$ 116,374	\$ 4,823,099
Fund Balance, January 1, 2021	\$ 3,001,	146 \$	6 16,713	\$	2,819	\$	(5,573)	\$	63,490	\$	10,158	\$ 9,631	\$ 3,098,384
Total Revenues	3,737,	252	177,384		49,029		11,694		88,302		5,351	-	4,069,012
Total Expenditures	2,976,	939	163,982		47,814		4,647		83,141		2,313	3,602	3,282,438
Net Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	27,	099									-	 	 27,099
Fund Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 3,788,	558 \$	30,115	\$	4,034	\$	1,474	\$	68,651	\$	13,196	\$ 6,029	\$ 3,912,057
Fund Balance, January 1, 2020	\$ 2,828,	036 \$	5 14,522	\$	(5,355)	\$	(5,593)	\$	65,119	\$	(1,623)	\$ 13,203	\$ 2,908,309
Total Revenues	3,080,	920	172,685		53,429		2,664		101,389		17,763	-	3,428,850
Total Expenditures	2,932,	124	170,494		45,255		2,644		103,018		5,982	3,572	3,263,089
Net Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	24,	314	-		-		-		-		-	 -	 24,314
Fund Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 3,001,	146 \$	6 16,713	\$	2,819	\$	(5,573)	\$	63,490	\$	10,158	\$ 9,631	\$ 3,098,384
Fund Balance, January 1, 2019	\$ 2,524,	013 \$	6 4,557	\$	(4,881)	\$	(286)	\$	66,655	\$	(6,492)	\$ 16,680	\$ 2,600,246
Total Revenues	3,159,	437	185,849		52,556		2,701		95,263		22,528	-	3,518,334
Total Expenditures	2,868,	651	175,884		53,030		8,008		96,799		17,659	3,477	3,223,508
Net Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	13,	237			-		-		-		-	 	 13,237
Fund Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 2,828,	036 \$	5 14,522	\$	(5,355)	\$	(5,593)	\$	65,119	\$	(1,623)	\$ 13,203	\$ 2,908,309

See Accompanying Independent Auditor's Report

VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON HILLS, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS WITH UNDERLYING INTERNAL FUNDS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

			Public Safety				Roads and Bridge	s		
	Police Protection	Crossing Guards	E911	Drug/ Gang/DUI	Total Public Safety	Roads and Bridges	Motor Fuel Tax	Total Roads and Bridges	Debt Service	Total All Funds
Fund Balance, January 1, 2022	\$ 349,367	\$-	\$-	\$ 19,125	\$ 368,492	\$ 697,126	\$ 228,944	\$ 926,070	\$-	\$ 5,206,619
Total Revenues	2,125,019	-	-	89	2,125,108	1,089,085	267,042	1,356,127	-	7,985,197
Total Expenditures	2,196,917	-	-	7,263	2,204,180	643,897	172,975	816,872	-	6,598,441
Net Other Financing Sources/(Uses)				16,262	16,262					731
Fund Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 277,469	\$-	\$ -	\$ 28,213	\$ 305,682	\$ 1,142,314	\$ 323,011	\$ 1,465,325	\$-	\$ 6,594,106
Fund Balance, January 1, 2021	\$ 299,486	\$-	\$-	\$ 12,492	\$ 311,978	\$ 496,829	\$ 200,243	\$ 697,072	\$ 1,517	\$ 4,108,951
Total Revenues	2,057,755	-	-	19,999	2,077,754	1,052,382	257,548	1,309,930	-	7,456,696
Total Expenditures	1,996,566	-	-	13,366	2,009,932	852,085	228,847	1,080,932	-	6,373,302
Net Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	(11,308)				(11,308)				(1,517)	14,274
Fund Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 349,367	\$-	\$ -	\$ 19,125	\$ 368,492	\$ 697,126	\$ 228,944	\$ 926,070	\$-	\$ 5,206,619
Fund Balance, January 1, 2020	\$ 256,085	\$ 78	\$ (11,354)	\$ 26,339	\$ 271,148	\$ 329,292	\$ 135,559	\$ 464,851	\$ 1,517	\$ 3,645,825
Total Revenues	2,131,129	2,368	-	9,850	2,143,347	1,173,638	246,684	1,420,322	-	6,992,519
Total Expenditures	2,087,728	2,400	-	23,697	2,113,825	1,006,101	182,000	1,188,101	-	6,565,015
Net Other Financing Sources/(Uses)										24,314
Fund Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 299,486	\$ 46	\$ (11,354)	\$ 12,492	\$ 300,670	\$ 496,829	\$ 200,243	\$ 697,072	\$ 1,517	\$ 4,097,643
Fund Balance, January 1, 2019	\$ 293,015	\$ 1,877	\$ (11,354)	\$ 24,585	\$ 308,123	\$ 623,309	\$ 413,707	\$ 1,037,016	\$ 105,410	\$ 4,050,795
Total Revenues	2,110,402	601	-	1,754	2,112,757	937,859	146,852	1,084,711	155,607.00	6,871,409
Total Expenditures	2,147,332	2,400	-	-	2,149,732	1,231,876	425,000	1,656,876	259,500.00	7,289,616
Net Other Financing Sources/(Uses)										13,237
Fund Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 256,085	\$ 78	\$ (11,354)	\$ 26,339	\$ 271,148	\$ 329,292	\$ 135,559	\$ 464,851	\$ 1,517	\$ 3,645,825